

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

	CANDIDATE NAME					
	CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER			
* 8 7	MATHEMATICS		0580/43			
4 2	Paper 4 (Extended)	October/November 2010			
2 8			2 hours 30 minutes			
2	Candidates answer	r on the Question Paper.				
16*	Additional Materials	s: Electronic calculator Mathematical tables (optional)	Geometrical instruments Tracing paper (optional)			

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.Write in dark blue or black pen.You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. For π use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 130.

This document consists of 19 printed pages and 1 blank page.



1	Tho	mas, Ursula and Vanessa share \$200 in the ratio		For
		Thomas : Ursula : Vanessa = $3 : 2 : 5$.		Examiner's Use
	(a)	Show that Thomas receives \$60 and Ursula receives \$40.		
		Answer(a)		
			[2]	
			[2]	
	(b)	Thomas buys a book for \$21. What percentage of his \$60 does Thomas have left?		
		Answer(b) %	[2]	
	(c)	Ursula buys a computer game for \$36.80 in a sale. The sale price is 20% less than the original price.		
		Calculate the original price of the computer game.		
		Answer(c) \$	[3]	
	(d)	Vanessa buys some books and some pencils. Each book costs \$12 more than each pencil.		
		The total cost of 5 books and 2 pencils is \$64.20. Find the cost of one pencil.		
		Answer(d) \$	[3]	

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Use



3	(a)) Expand the brackets and simplify. x(x+3)+4x(x-1)		For Examiner's Use
	(b)	Answer(a)	[2]	
	(c)	Answer(b)	[2]	
		(ii) $xy + xw + 2ay + 2aw$	[2]	
		Answer(c)(ii)	[2]	
		(iii) $4x^2 - 49$ Answer(c)(iii)	[1]	

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(d) Solve the equation.

 $2x^2 + 5x + 1 = 0$

Show all your working and give your answers correct to 2 decimal places.

Answer(d) x = [4]

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4	(a)	$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$	
	Fi	nd the following matrices.	
	(i)) AB	
	(ii)	Answer(a)(i)	[2]
	(iii)	Answer(a)(ii) A ⁻¹ , the inverse of A	[2]
	(b) De	Answer(a)(iii) escribe fully the single transformation represented by the matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$.	[2]
	А (с) Fi	Answer(b) nd the 2 by 2 matrix that represents an anticlockwise rotation of 90° about the origin.	[2]
		Answer(c)	[2]

For





(ii)	Calculate the probability that Sacha cycles to school and is late.		For Examiner's Use
	Answer(b)(ii)	[2]	
(iii)	Calculate the probability that Sacha is late to school.		
		[0]	
	Answer(b)(111)	[2]	

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[2]



x	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
f(<i>x</i>)		-1.7	0.2	0.9	1	1.1	1.8	

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of y = f(x) for $-4 \le x \le 3$.



[2]

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[3]

(d) On the grid, draw the graph of y = g(x) for $-4 \le x \le -1$ and $1 \le x \le 3$.

(e)	(i)	Use your graphs to solve the equation $\frac{x^3}{10} + 1 = \frac{4}{x}$.	
		Answer(e)(i) $x =$ or $x =$	[2]
	(ii)	The equation $\frac{x^3}{10} + 1 = \frac{4}{x}$ can be written as $x^4 + ax + b = 0$.	
		Find the values of <i>a</i> and <i>b</i> .	
		Answer(e)(ii) a =	
		<i>b</i> =	[2]

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NOT TO

SCALE

Î 3 cm 1 12 cm The diagram shows a solid made up of a hemisphere and a cylinder. [The volume, V, of a **sphere** with radius r is $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$.] Answer(a)(i) cm^{3} [4] Calculate the mass of the solid. Give your answer in kilograms. Answer(a)(ii) kg [2]



The radius of both the cylinder and the hemisphere is 3 cm. The length of the cylinder is 12 cm.

(a) (i) Calculate the volume of the solid.

8

(ii) The solid is made of steel and 1 cm^3 of steel has a mass of 7.9 g.

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(iii) The solid fits into a box in the shape of a cuboid, 15 cm by 6 cm by 6 cm. Calculate the volume of the box **not** occupied by the solid.

Answer(a)(iii) cm³ [2]

(b) (i) Calculate the total surface area of the solid. You must show your working. [The surface area, A, of a sphere with radius r is $A = 4\pi r^2$.]

(ii) The surface of the solid is painted. The cost of the paint is 0.09 per millilitre. One millilitre of paint covers an area of 8 cm^2 . Calculate the cost of painting the solid.

Answer(b)(ii) \$ [2]

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9 (a)





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10	(a)	For a set of six integers, the mode is 8, the median is 9 and the mean is 10.
		The smallest integer is greater than 6 and the largest integer is 16.
		Find the two possible sets of six integers.

Answer(a)	First set	 ,	 ,	 ,	 ,	 ,	
	Second set	 ,	 ,	 ,	 ,	 ,	 [5]

(b) One day Ahmed sells 160 oranges. He records the mass of each orange. The results are shown in the table.

Mass (<i>m</i> grams)	$50 < m \le 80$	$80 < m \le 90$	$90 < m \le 100$	$100 < m \le 120$	$120 < m \le 150$
Frequency	30	35	40	40	15

(i) Calculate an estimate of the mean mass of the 160 oranges.



- m ╷┙

[4]

150

(ii) On the grid, complete the histogram to show the information in the table.

5

4

3

2.

1.

0 +

50

60

70

80

Frequency density

Question 11 is printed on the next page.

90

100

Mass (grams)

110

120

130

For

Use



(d)	The	number of one centimetre lines in Diagram <i>n</i> is $2n^2 + pn + 1$.		For Examiner's
	(i)	Show that $p = 4$.		Use
		Answer(d)(i)		
			[2]	
	(ii)	Find the number of one centimetre lines in Diagram 10.		
		Answer(d)(ii)	[1]	
	(iii)	Which Diagram has 337 one centimetre lines?		
		Answer(d)(iii)	[3]	
(e)	For num	each Diagram, the number of squares of area 1 cm ² is A , the number of dots is D and the of one centimetre lines is L .	the	
	Fine	d a connection between A , D and L that is true for each Diagram.		
		Answer(e)	[1]	

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